| Product | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{c}\text { Clinicians can use prism bars to determine phoria } \\ \text { B-12 Prism Bar } \\ \text { (11113) } \\ \text { deviation when testing ocular alignment. Clinicians can } \\ \text { for calculating the amount of correction needed in } \\ \text { strabismus surgery and for monitoring changes in ocular } \\ \text { alignment with recovery from muscle imbalance. }\end{array}$ |  |
| Sizes: 0.5, 1, 1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 3.5, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 Diopter |  |$\}$

surfaces of both prism bars are held perpendicular to the direction of the fixation object.

Vertical Sizes: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30
Horizontal Sizes: 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45
$\frac{\text { LB-14 and LB-15 }}{\frac{\text { Set }}{(11315)}}$

## Maddox Phoria Measure (12136)

(11111)

LB-15 Prism Bar (11112)

Magnetic S-16
Prism Set (11L17)

MS-10 Prism
Set/Maddox Rod (11310)

S-16U Prism Set (11317)

S-22U Prism Set (11323)

Vertical Sizes: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25 Horizontal Sizes: 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40
This product is used to measure Anisophoria, which is the change in the phoria away from the primary position. Features a large 25 mm diameter aperture. Indicates the effective prism power from 0 to 10 PD. Color is black.
Large $28 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ prism bar. Vertical Sizes: $1,2,3,4,5$, $6,8,10,12,14,16,18,20,25$
Large $28 \times 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ prism bar. Horizontal sizes: 1, 2, 4, 6, $8,10,12,14,16,18,20,25,30,35,40$
Magnets are positioned on the axis perpendicular to prism base. Sizes: $0.5,1,2,4,6,8,10,12,15,20,25$, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50 \& Red Lens. Includes two magnetic sticks.
Includes Maddox rod and the following prism sizes: 0.5 , $1,2,4,6,8,10,15,20,25$.
"Universal" prism shape. Includes Sizes: $0.5,1,2,4,6$, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50 \& Red Lens. "Universal" prism shape. Includes sizes: $0.5,1,2,3,4$, $5,6,7,8,9,10,12,14,16,18,20,25,30,35,40,45,50$ \& Red Lens.
S-4 Prism Set (11304)
$\frac{\text { S-8 Prism Set }}{(11308)}$
S-16 Long Prism Set (11L16)

Includes Sizes: 5, 10, 15, 20 \& Red Lens. Two of each prism size are included.
Includes Sizes: 0.5, 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 45, 50 \& Red Lens.

| S-22 Long Prism | Includes Sizes: $0.5,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,12,14,16$, |
| :---: | :---: |
| $(11 \mathrm{Set} 22)$ | $18,20,25,30,35,40,45,50 \&$ Red Lens |

S-22 Magnetic Stick Prism Set
(11L23)

Magnets are positioned on the axis perpendicular to prism base. Includes Sizes: 0.5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 , $10,12,14,16,18,20,25,30,35,40,45,50 \&$ Red Lens. Includes two magnetic sticks.

## SS-8 Prism Set

 (11318)Vergence Facility
Prisms
(11107)

Includes Sizes: 3, 5, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 25 \& Red Lens.
Vergence facility prisms are designed to test for binocular vision disorders and can also be used in vision therapy. These prisms are composed of one base in and one base out diopter. They are available as loose prisms, stick prisms (polycarbonate rod attached), or magnetic prisms. Click the link to the left to learn more.

## Technical Information:

Gulden's ophthalmic prism bars and prism sets have been re-engineered to solve the problem of birefringence which can hinder their use in certain clinical applications. Our exclusive prism bar manufacturing process greatly reduces optical strain, producing prisms that virtually eliminate clinical birefringent effects.

Prism birefringence can adversely affect your vectographic testing by degrading target contrast ("image washout"), or in extreme cases, by reversing the eye that sees the target ("vectographic reversal"). Birefringence occurs in ordinary prisms because of optical strain which is due to minute molecular misalignments that occur in plastic manufacturing. Our prisms are made of extremely high quality plastic, which are optically clear with an index of refraction of 1.49 and a light transmission value of $92 \%$.

Our prism sets are calibrated in the frontal plane position (i.e., posterior surface parallel to spectacle plane) which produces superior diopter accuracy. Prism bars are available in our standard square shape ( $37 \times 37 \mathrm{~mm}$ ), or in our internationally popular "universal" shape which has two rounded corners for ease of use at various angles.

